- I5 -

KOREAN AFFAIRS

Korea

Soviet broadcasters resert to an old standby--the contrast between the prosperous conditions in the North and the edicus situation in the South--in their brief references to Korea. Alexandrov uses this contrast in a commentary grouping North Koreans in the camp of peace-lovers; and Smelensky uses the same device in analyzing the "failure" of "South Korean puppets" to secure U.N. membership. The familiar contrast is also the essence of a commentary by Bronin which exclaims ever the industrial progress of North Korea.

Radio Pyongyang continues its familiar exhortations to Koroans to "drive out" the Americans and Syngman Rhoe and to increase production for May Day. It intersperses these familiar harangues with commentaries expounding the Soviet line on such non-Koroan topics as Tite, the Atlantic Pact, the Marshall Plan, Indonesia, beurgoeis cosmopolitanism, the campaign for world peace, and Generalissime France. A 15 April discussion of the peace negetiations in China goes farther than Mescow, however, in accusing the Kuemintang of hypecrisy--along the lines adopted by NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY and Radio Peiping.

Pyongyang observes the anniversary of the Joint Political Conference of April 1948 in a 19 April commentary which briefly reviews North Korea's historic progress since that Conference and acknowledges the significance of the recently-concluded agreements with the USSR.

PRISTIR TOTAL

- I6 -

Radio Pyongyang now includes in its regular transmissions a "Letter Hour" in which North Koreans address their friends in South Korea to remind them that "it will not be long now before we most again."

a. The U.N. Application: Smolensky's 18 April Korean-language commentary sees in South Korea's application for U.N. membership a devicus attempt on the part of the U.S. to "strike another blow at the United Nations." The potition is said to have been submitted in bad faith since the U.S. and Syngman Rhoe were well aware that it would not be approved because of the infamous conditions in the south.

"The ringleaders of the Angle-American bloc with this opportunity intended to bring forth an additional objection to the veto power of the Seviet Union and to create another scene in order to oppose unanimous decisions by the members of the Security Council which is a principle of the United Nations. The application of the Syngman Rhee Government... was drafted with the aim of striking another blow at the United Nations which keeps the new warmengers from realizing their plan of armed rebbory."

NR